### **Statement of Verification**

BREG EN EPD No.: 000520

Issue 01

This is to verify that the

### **Environmental Product Declaration**

provided by:

Mayflex UK Limited

is in accordance with the requirements of:

EN 15804:2012+A2:2019

and
BRE Global Scheme Document SD207

This declaration is for: **1 metre of Excel Enbeam OS2 Singlemode & OM4 Multimode Fibre Optic Tight-Buffered Cables** 

### **Company Address**

Mayflex UK Limited Unit 15, Junction Six Industrial Park, Electric Avenue Birmingham B6 7JJ



BRE/Global

EPD

tie



Emma Baker

14 August 2023 Date of this Issue

13 August 2028 Expiry Date



14 August 2023

Date of First Issue

This Statement of Verification is issued subject to terms and conditions (for details visit <u>www.greenbooklive.com/terms</u>. To check the validity of this statement of verification please, visit <u>www.greenbooklive.com/check</u> or contact us. BRE Global Ltd., Garston, Watford WD25 9XX. T: +44 (0)333 321 8811 F: +44 (0)1923 664603 E: <u>Enquiries@breglobal.com</u>



BF1805-C-ECOP Rev 0.3

Page 1 of 24

© BRE Global Ltd, 2022

### **Environmental Product Declaration**

### EPD Number: 000520

### **General Information**

	Annlinghia Duoduct Octonom Bules				
EPD Programme Operator BRE Global Watford, Herts WD25 9XX United Kingdom	Applicable Product Category Rules BRE 2021 Product Category Rules (PN 514 Rev 3.0) for Type III environmental product declaration of construction products to EN 15804:2012+A2:2019.				
Commissioner of LCA study	LCA consultant/Tool				
Mayflex UK Limited Unit 15, Junction Six Industrial Park, Electric Avenue Birmingham B6 7JJ	LCA Tool: BRE LINA A2 LCA Consultant: Bala Subramanian				
Declared Unit	Applicability/Coverage				
1 metre of Excel Enbeam OS2 Singlemode & OM4 Multimode Fibre Optic Tight-Buffered Cables - LSOH Cca with black sheaths.	Other (please specify). Product Specific				
EPD Type	Background database				
Cradle to Gate with options	ecoinvent				
	ecoinvent				
Demonstra					
Demonstra CEN standard EN 15	ntion of Verification				
Demonstra CEN standard EN 15 Independent verification of the declara □Internal (Where appropri	ation of Verification 5804 serves as the core PCR <sup>a</sup> ation and data according to EN ISO 14025:2010				
Demonstra CEN standard EN 15 Independent verification of the declara Internal (Where appropriate Fa: Product category rules	ation of Verification 5804 serves as the core PCR <sup>a</sup> ation and data according to EN ISO 14025:2010 ⊠ External riate <sup>b</sup> )Third party verifier:				
Demonstra CEN standard EN 15 Independent verification of the declara Internal (Where appropriate a: Product category rules b: Optional for business-to-business communication; mandatory	ation of Verification 5804 serves as the core PCR <sup>a</sup> ation and data according to EN ISO 14025:2010 ⊠ External riate <sup>b</sup> )Third party verifier: Pat Hermon				
Demonstra CEN standard EN 15 Independent verification of the declara Internal (Where appropriation F a: Product category rules b: Optional for business-to-business communication; mandatory Co Environmental product declarations from different EN 15804:2012+A2:2019. Comparability is further dependent	ation of Verification 5804 serves as the core PCR <sup>a</sup> ation and data according to EN ISO 14025:2010 ⊠ External riate <sup>b</sup> )Third party verifier: Pat Hermon for business-to-consumer communication (see EN ISO 14025:2010, 9.4)				

EPD Number: 000520 BF1805-C-ECOP Rev 0.2 Date of Issue:14 August 2023 Page 2 of 24

#### Information modules covered

	Duedure		Const			Use stage											Benefits and loads beyond
	Product Construction			ruction	Related to the building fabric				Related to End-of-life the building			or-lire		the system boundary			
A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	<b>B</b> 3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4		D
Raw materials supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport to site	Construction – Installation	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	Deconstruction demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal		Reuse, Recovery and/or Recycling potential
$\checkmark$	$\mathbf{\nabla}$	$\mathbf{\nabla}$	V	$\overline{\mathbf{A}}$								$\mathbf{\nabla}$	$\checkmark$	V	$\mathbf{\nabla}$		V

Note: Ticks indicate the Information Modules declared.

### Manufacturing site(s)

Made in PRC

### **Construction Product:**

#### **Product Description**

Excel Enbeam OS2 Singlemode & OM4 Multimode Fibre Optic Tight-Buffered Cables - LSOH Cca with black sheaths. These tight-buffered optical fibre cables have been designed specifically for both internal and external applications – being CPR compliant (Cca) and water & UV resistant. They are compact, lightweight cables and are extremely flexible and are quick and easy to install. The cables are constructed from 4 to 24 colour coded 900µm secondary-coated fibres. Colour coding is to TIA 598 standard. E-Glass strength members provide very high tensile strength.

In this EPD, the LCA results of 4 core – OS4 Multimode cable with 0.04 kg/m and for 14-16 core – OS2 Singlemode & OS4 multimode optic cable with 0.07 kg/m has been modelled and enclosed.

Product name:	Item Code / Colour	Weight (kg/m)
Excel Enbeam OM4 Multimode Fibre Optic Cable Tight Buffered 4 Core 50/125 LSOH Cca	204-104 – Black	0.04
Excel Enbeam OS2 Singlemode Fibre Optic Cable Tight Buffered 4 Core 9/125 LSZH Cca	205-320 – Black	0.04
Excel Enbeam OM4 Multimode Fibre Optic Cable Tight Buffered 6 Core 50/125 LSOH Cca	204-106 – Black	0.04
Excel Enbeam OS2 Singlemode Fibre Optic Cable Tight Buffered 6 Core 9/125 LSZH Cca	205-230 – Black	0.04
Excel Enbeam OM4 Multimode Fibre Optic Cable Tight Buffered 8 Core 50/125 LSOH Cca	204-108 – Black	0.05
Excel Enbeam OS2 Singlemode Fibre Optic Cable Tight Buffered 8 Core 9/125 Cca	205-322 – Black	0.05
Excel Enbeam OM4 Multimode Fibre Optic Cable Tight Buffered 12 Core 50/125 LSOH Cca	204-112 – Black	0.05

Product name:	Item Code / Colour	Weight (kg/m)
Excel Enbeam OS2 Singlemode Fibre Optic Cable Tight Buffered 12 Core 9/125 Cca	205-324 – Black	
Excel Enbeam OM4 Multimode Fibre Optic Cable Tight Buffered 16 Core 50/125 LSOH Cca	204-116 – Black	
Excel Enbeam OM4 Multimode Fibre Optic Cable Tight Buffered 24 Core 50/125 LSOH Cca	204–124 – Black	0.07
Excel Enbeam OS2 Singlemode Fibre Optic Cable Tight Buffered 24 Core 9/125 Cca	205-328 - Black	

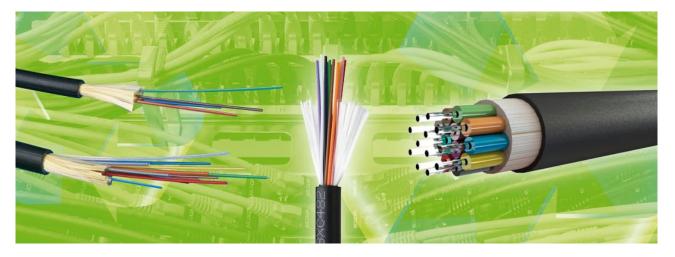
#### **Technical Information**

Property	OS2	OM4
Number of cores	4-24	4-24
Fibre Coating	Secondary 900um	Secondary 900um
Fibre Type	OS2 9/125µm	OM4 50/125
Strength Members	Glass Yarn	Glass Yarn
Rodent Resistant	Yes	Yes
Outer Sheath Material	Copolymer, Thermoplastic (LS0H)	Copolymer, Thermoplastic (LS0H)
Outer Sheath Colour	Black	Black
Reaction-to-fire class according to EN 13501-6	Cca s1a d0 a1	Cca s1a d0 a1
Halogen free (acc. EN 60754-1/2)	Yes	Yes
Flame retardant	In accordance with EN 50399	In accordance with EN 50399
Outer diameter approx 4-24f	6.5mm – 8.5mm	6.5mm – 8.5mm
Tensile Strength (Installation)	800N (4C) - 1100N (24C)	800N (4C) - 1100N (24C)
Tensile Strength (Installed)	400N (4C) – 550N (24C)	400N (4C) – 550N (24C)
Crush Resistance	300N/m	300N/m
Torsion +/- 180 degrees	Attenuation less than 0.10dB	Attenuation less than 0.30dB
Installation Temperature Range	-30 to +60 °C	-30 to +60 °C
Operating Temperature Range	-30 to 60 °C	-30 to 60 °C
Storage Temperature Range	-40 to 60 °C	-40 to 60 °C
Sheath Thickness	1.1mm Typical	1.1mm Typical
Cable Weight	34 – 63 kg/km	34 – 63 kg/km
Minimum Bending Radius (Installation)	20x Diameter	20x Diameter
Minimum Bending Radius (Installed)	10x Diameter	10x Diameter
Attenuation 1	0.39dB/km @ 1310nm	3.5dB/km @ 850nm
Attenuation 2	0.25dB/km @ 1550nm	1.5dB/km @ 1300nm
Refractive Index 1	1.467 @ 1310nm	1.482 @ 850nm
Refractive Index 2	1.468 @ 1550nm	1.477 @ 1300nm

Property	OS2	OM4
Core Diameter	NA	50 +/- 2.5um
Mode Field Diameter @1310nm	9.0 +/- 0.5um	NA
Mode Field Diameter @ 1550nm	10.4 +/- 0.5um	NA
Cladding Diameter	125 +/- 0.7um	125 +/-1.0um
Primary Coating Diameter (coloured)	250 +/- 15um	250 +/- 15um
Secondary Coating Diameter	900um +/-50um	900um +/-50um
Fibre Colour Coating Standard	TIA 598	TIA 598

Note: Technical Properties of all products assessed within this EPD

Applicable Standard	Subject
IEC 60794-2-20:2013	Optical fibre cables - Part 2-20: Indoor cables - Family specification for multi-fibre optical cables
IEC 60332-1-2:2004	Tests on electric and optical fibre cables under fire conditions. Test for vertical flame propagation for a single insulated wire or cable. Procedure for 1 kW pre- mixed flame
IEC 60754-2:2011	Test on gases evolved during combustion of materials from cables - Part 2: Determination of acidity (by pH measurement) and conductivity
IEC 61034-2:2005+A1:2013	Measurement of smoke density of cables burning under defined conditions – Part 2: Test procedure and requirements
IEC 60793-1-1:2017	Optical fibres - Part 1-1: Measurement methods and test procedures - General and guidance
IEC 60793-2-10:2017	Sectional specification for A1 multimode fibres
IEC 60793-1-20:2014	Optical fibres - Part 1-20: Measurement methods and test procedures - Fibre geometry
IEC 60793-1-21:2001	Optical fibres - Part 1-21: Measurement methods and test procedures - Coating geometry
IEC 60793-1-22:2001	Optical fibres - Part 1-22: Measurement methods and test procedures - Length measurement
IEC 60793-1-30:2010	Optical fibres - Part 1-30: Measurement methods and test procedures - Fibre proof test
IEC 60793-1-41:2010	Optical fibres - Part 1-41: Measurement methods and test procedures – Bandwidth
ITU G.651.1	Characteristics of a 50/125 $\mu$ m multimode graded index optical fibre cable for the optical access network
EN 50173-1:2018	Information technology. Generic cabling systems - General requirements
EN 50575: 2014 + A1: 2016	Power, control and communication cables — Cables for general applications in construction works subject to reaction to fire requirements
EN 50399:2011+A1:2016	Common test methods for cables under fire conditions. Heat release and smoke production measurement on cables during flame spread test. Test apparatus, procedures, results
ISO/IEC 11801-1:2017	Information technology - Generic cabling for customer premises: Part 1 General Requirements
ANSI/TIA 568-3.D	Optical Fiber Cabling and Components Standard
ANSI/TIA/EIA 598-D	Optical Fibre Cable Colour Coding
RoHS	Restriction of Hazardous Substances - Compliant
WFD	Compliant to Waste Framework Directive
SCIP	Compliant - Does Not Contain Substances of Concern in Products



#### **Main Product Contents**

%
80 - 85
15 – 20
0.5 - 1

Note: Main product contents of all products assessed within this EPD

#### **Manufacturing Process**

The manufacturing process for fibre optic tight buffered cables involves several stages of extrusion starting with the drawing of the glass fibre itself. This is achieved by continuously heating (partially melting) and drawing a large glass pre-form in a vertical drawing tower. This is a highly accurate process. The fibre diameter is continuously monitored at the base of the tower and is controlled to within just a few microns. This process produces the bare fibre to a diameter of 125 microns.

The fibre is then drawn through a second extrusion process which applies a clear plastic coating onto the fibre. This is referred to as the Primary Coating and provides a diameter of around 240 microns. This coating is vital to protect the bare glass fibre from any damage and moisture.

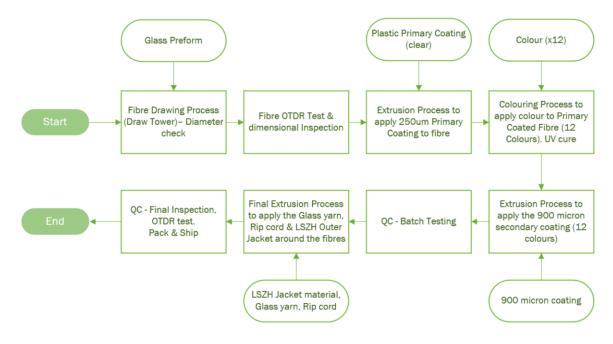
The secondary-coated fibre can we used as is, but in most cases, where multiple fibres are used within a fibre optic cable, these are colour coded to allow for easy identification. The next process is therefore to colour code the fibres. This involves drawing the fibres through a coloured UV die, which is immediately cured by Ultra-Violet light. There are generally 12 colours used according to TIA 598 – Blue, Orange, Green, Brown, Grey, White, Red, Black, Yellow, Purple, Pink and Aqua. All 12 colours will be used in the cables. This process brings the diameter up to a nominal 250 microns.

The next process is to apply the secondary coating to the primary-coated fibres. This involves drawing the primary coated fibres through an extrusion die whilst injecting molten plastic through the die to over-mould the fibres with a 900-micron layer (secondary coating). The secondary-coated fibres are cooled in a water bath as they exit the die and are stored on a small cable reel. The fibres are tested when on the reel to ensure all remain within specification.

The last extrusion process produces the final cable. This requires the secondary (coloured) fibres being drawn through another extrusion machine. This time, the glass yarn is also drawn through the machine, together with the rip-cord - around the fibres - and the molten outer jacket LSZH co-polymer material is injected around it to form the cable jacket. Again, as it exits the die, the cable is cooled in a water bath. The finished cable diameter is continuously checked. The cable is stored on large wooden drums – typically holding 2 – 4km. The cable is finally inspected and optically tested using an OTDR to ensure full compliance to specifications.

#### **Process flow diagram**

### Fibre Tight-Buffered Cables



#### **Construction Installation**

Installation of fibre cables is generally carried out by manual labour, with teams of operatives pulling and dressing cables. No powered equipment or consumable items are used in this process, so no waste is generated during the installation.

#### End of Life

Fibre optic tight buffered cables are not economically recyclable therefore they will be taken to landfill via a WEEE registered commercial waste disposal company.

### Life Cycle Assessment Calculation Rules

#### Declared unit description.

1 metre of Excel Enbeam OS2 Singlemode & OM4 Multimode Fibre Optic Tight-Buffered Cables - LSOH Cca with black sheaths.

#### System boundary

This is a cradle-to-gate LCA, reporting all production life cycle stages of modules A1 to A3 and A4 and A5 (transportation and installation) and end of life stages C1-C4, and D in accordance with EN 15804:2012+A2:2019 and BRE 2021 Product Category Rules (PN 514 Rev 3.0).

#### Data sources, quality and allocation

The quantity used in the data collection for this EPD is the total quantity of Fibre Optic Tight-Buffered Cables manufactured as a proportion of the total manufactured during the data collection period (01/01/21-31/12/21). Mayflex receives the data cables from their PRC manufacturing partners, therefore the transportation used to transfer the products from PRC to the UK is included in the LCA analysis. Other cables and products are manufactured in addition to the Fibre Optic Tight-Buffered Cables; therefore, the allocation of electricity and

EPD Number: 000520 BF1805-C-ECOP Rev 0.2 Date of Issue:14 August 2023 Page 7 of 24

water consumption and discharge are required, and this has been done according to the provisions of the BRE PCR PN514 and EN 15804. During the cable extrusion process no waste have been recorded.

Fibre Optic Tight-Buffered Cables are OS2 Singlemode & OM4 Multimode Fibre Optic Cable Tight Buffered, and these are available in 4 - 16 Core - LSOH Dca with black sheaths. The weight per metre varies according to the core of the cable, however the composition is similar so, the LCA analysis has been performed for 4 core – OS4 Multimode/ Singlemode cable with the weight of 0.04 kg/m and for 14-16 core – OS2/4 Singlemode & multimode optic cable with weight of 0.07 kg/m and both the results are enclosed.

Secondary data has been obtained for all other upstream and downstream processes that are beyond the control of the manufacturer (i.e., raw material production) from the ecoinvent 3.8 database. All ecoinvent datasets are complete within the context used and conform to the system boundary and the criteria for the exclusion of inputs and outputs, according to the requirements specified in EN15804 A2.

ISO14044 guidance. <b>Quality Level</b>	Geographical representativeness	Technical representativeness	Time representativeness
Very Good	Data from area under study.	Data from processes and products under study. Same state of technology applied as defined in goal and scope (i.e., identical technology).	n/a
Very Good	n/a	n/a	There is approximately 1-2 years between the Ecoinvent LCI reference year, and the time period for which the LCA was undertaken.

Specific European datasets have been selected from the ecoinvent LCI for this LCA. Manufacturer uses the national grid electricity for production, so therefore the national grid electricity dataset has been used for the LCA modelling (Ecoinvent 3.8). The quality level of time representativeness is also Very Good as the background LCI datasets are based on ecoinvent v3.8 which was compiled in 2021. Therefore, there is less than 5 years between the ecoinvent LCI reference year and the time period for which the LCA was undertaken.

#### Cut-off criteria

All raw materials and energy input to the manufacturing process have been included, except for direct emissions to air, water, and soil, which are not measured. No ancillary materials have been used for the production and there is no non-production waste recorded during the data collection period.

### LCA Results- OM2/4 Singlemode/Multimode Fibre Optic Cable Tight Buffered 4 Core with 0.04 kg/m

(MND = module not declared; MNR = module not relevant; INA = indicator not assessed; AGG = aggregated)

Parameters describing environmental impacts									
	GWP- total	GWP- fossil	GWP- biogenic	GWP- luluc	ODP	AP	EP- freshwat er		
					kg CO₂ eq	kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq	kg CFC11 eq	mol H⁺ eq	kg (PO₄) <sup>3-</sup> eq
	Raw material supply	A1	6.67E-02	6.61E-02	6.08E-04	5.08E-05	7.48E-09	4.42E-04	2.50E-05
	Transport	A2	1.85E-02	1.85E-02	8.41E-06	9.83E-06	4.04E-09	2.91E-04	9.53E-07
Product stage	Manufacturing	A3	-2.50E-02	2.33E-02	-4.84E-02	5.19E-05	1.52E-09	1.33E-04	6.68E-06
	Total (Consumption grid)	A1-3	6.03E-02	1.08E-01	-4.78E-02	1.13E-04	1.30E-08	8.66E-04	3.26E-05
Construction	Transport	A4	1.14E-03	1.14E-03	9.75E-07	4.49E-07	2.65E-10	4.64E-06	7.37E-08
process stage	Construction	A5	4.48E-02	3.87E-03	4.10E-02	2.30E-06	3.77E-10	2.01E-05	1.65E-06
	Use	B1	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Maintenance	B2	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Repair	B3	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
Use stage	Replacement	B4	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Refurbishment	B5	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Operational energy use	B6	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Operational water use	B7	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
100% - Landfill									
	Deconstruction, demolition	C1	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
	Transport	C2	8.32E-05	8.31E-05	7.08E-08	3.26E-08	1.92E-11	3.37E-07	5.35E-09
End of life	Waste processing	C3	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
	Disposal	C4	9.70E-02	9.69E-02	1.19E-04	2.22E-05	1.15E-08	1.45E-04	2.74E-05
Potential benefits and loads beyond the system boundaries	Reuse, recovery, recycling potential	D	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00

GWP-total = Global warming potential, total;

GWP-fossil = Global warming potential, fossil;

GWP-biogenic = Global warming potential, biogenic; GWP-luluc = Global warming potential, land use and land use change; ODP = Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer; AP = Acidification potential, accumulated exceedance; and EP-freshwater = Eutrophication potential, fraction of nutrients reaching freshwater end compartment

#### LCA Results (continued)

(MND = module not declared; MNR = module not relevant; INA = indicator not assessed; AGG = aggregated)

Parameters describing environmental impacts									
					POCP	ADP- mineral &metal	ADP- fossil	WDP	PM
					kg NMVOC eq	kg Sb eq	MJ, net calorific value	m <sup>3</sup> world eq deprived	disease incidence
	Raw material supply	A1	8.38E-05	8.24E-04	2.64E-04	6.45E-07	1.27E+00	3.63E-02	4.80E-09
	Transport	A2	7.40E-05	8.20E-04	2.19E-04	4.84E-08	2.62E-01	9.73E-04	1.18E-09
Product stage	Manufacturing	A3	3.88E-05	3.53E-04	1.09E-04	9.86E-08	2.98E-01	-2.48E-03	1.91E-09
	Total (Consumption grid)	A1-3	1.97E-04	2.00E-03	5.93E-04	7.92E-07	1.83E+00	3.48E-02	7.89E-09
Construction	Transport	A4	1.40E-06	1.53E-05	4.68E-06	3.98E-09	1.73E-02	7.78E-05	9.87E-11
process stage	Construction	A5	3.24E-06	3.66E-05	6.86E-06	1.27E-08	4.19E-02	9.39E-04	-1.87E-10
	Use	B1	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Maintenance	B2	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Repair	B3	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
Use stage	Replacement	B4	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Refurbishment	B5	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Operational energy use	B6	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Operational water use	B7	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
100% - Landfill									
	Deconstruction, demolition	C1	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
<b>E</b> 1 (1)	Transport	C2	1.02E-07	1.11E-06	3.40E-07	2.89E-10	1.26E-03	5.65E-06	7.17E-12
End of life	Waste processing	C3	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
	Disposal	C4	3.16E-05	3.11E-04	8.52E-05	1.93E-07	4.56E-01	1.42E-02	1.37E-09
Potential benefits and loads beyond the system boundaries	Reuse, recovery, recycling potential	D	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00

EP-marine = Eutrophication potential, fraction of nutrients reaching marine end compartment; EP-terrestrial = Eutrophication potential, accumulated

exceedance;

POCP = Formation potential of tropospheric ozone;

ADP-mineral&metals = Abiotic depletion potential for non-fossil resources;

ADP-fossil = Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer; WDP = Water (user) deprivation potential, deprivation-weighted water consumption; and PM = Particulate matter.

#### LCA Results (continued)

(MND = module not declared; MNR = module not relevant; INA = indicator not assessed; AGG = aggregated)

Parameters de	escribing envi	ronm	ental impacts				
			IRP	ETP-fw	HTP-c	HTP-nc	SQP
			kBq U <sup>235</sup> eq	CTUe	CTUh	CTUh	dimensionless
	Raw material supply	A1	7.07E-03	3.11E+00	1.24E-10	3.15E-09	1.76E-01
	Transport	A2	1.29E-03	1.89E-01	8.75E-12	1.74E-10	1.27E-01
Product stage	Manufacturing	A3	1.80E-03	7.32E-01	6.88E-11	3.94E-10	4.39E+00
	Total (Consumption grid)	A1- 3	1.02E-02	4.03E+00	2.02E-10	3.72E-09	4.69E+00
Construction	Transport	A4	8.89E-05	1.35E-02	4.37E-13	1.41E-11	1.19E-02
process stage	Construction	A5	2.30E-04	2.46E-02	5.25E-12	1.55E-10	1.34E-01
	Use	B1	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Maintenance	B2	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Repair	B3	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
Use stage	Replacement	B4	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Refurbishment	B5	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Operational energy use	B6	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Operational water use	B7	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
100% - Landfill	-						
	Deconstruction, demolition	C1	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
	Transport	C2	6.46E-06	9.81E-04	3.18E-14	1.03E-12	8.63E-04
End of life	Waste processing	C3	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
	Disposal	C4	2.98E-03	1.88E+00	6.05E-11	7.03E-10	9.73E-02
Potential benefits and loads beyond the system boundaries	Reuse, recovery, recycling potential	D	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00

IRP = Potential human exposure efficiency relative to U235; ETP-fw = Potential comparative toxic unit for ecosystems; HTP-c = Potential comparative toxic unit for humans; HTP-nc = Potential comparative toxic unit for humans; and SQP = Potential soil quality index.

#### LCA Results (continued)

Parameters describing resource use, primary energy										
			PERE	PERM	PERT	PENRE	PENRM	PENRT		
			MJ	MJ	MJ	MJ	MJ	MJ		
	Raw material supply	A1	5.90E-02	0.00E+00	5.90E-02	1.04E+00	5.53E-01	1.59E+00		
	Transport	A2	2.98E-03	0.00E+00	2.98E-03	2.58E-01	0.00E+00	2.58E-01		
Product stage	Manufacturing	A3	3.55E-01	5.21E-01	8.76E-01	7.02E-01	3.17E-02	7.34E-01		
	Total (Consumption grid)	A1-3	4.17E-01	5.21E-01	9.38E-01	2.00E+00	5.85E-01	2.58E+00		
Construction	Transport	A4	2.44E-04	0.00E+00	2.44E-04	1.70E-02	0.00E+00	1.70E-02		
process stage	Construction	A5	-6.20E-01	6.49E-01	2.87E-02	5.30E-02	3.79E-02	9.10E-02		
	Use	B1	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND		
	Maintenance	B2	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND		
	Repair	B3	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND		
Use stage	Replacement	B4	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND		
	Refurbishment	B5	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND		
	Operational energy use	B6	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND		
	Operational water use	B7	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND		
100% - Landfill										
	Deconstruction, demolition	C1	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00		
	Transport	C2	1.77E-05	0.00E+00	1.77E-05	1.23E-03	0.00E+00	1.23E-03		
End of life	Waste processing	C3	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00		
	Disposal	C4	1.91E-02	0.00E+00	1.91E-02	-2.30E-01	6.80E-01	4.50E-01		
Potential benefits and loads beyond the system boundaries	Reuse, recovery, recycling potential	D	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00		

PERE = Use of renewable primary energy excluding renewable primary energy used as raw materials;

PERM = Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials;

PERT = Total use of renewable primary energy resources;

PENRE = Use of non-renewable primary energy excluding nonrenewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PENRM = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials;

PENRT = Total use of non-renewable primary energy resource

### Its (continued)

LCA Results (	continued)					
Parameters des	cribing resour	ce use	e, secondary ma	terials and fuels, u	use of water	
			SM	RSF	NRSF	FW
			kg	MJ net calorific value	MJ net calorific value	m <sup>3</sup>
	Raw material supply	A1	9.24E-05	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	8.70E-04
	Transport	A2	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	2.41E-05
Product stage	Manufacturing	A3	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	-4.14E-05
	Total (Consumption grid)	A1- 3	9.24E-05	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	8.53E-04
Construction	Transport	A4	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.93E-06
process stage	Construction	A5	2.77E-06	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	2.30E-05
	Use	B1	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Maintenance	B2	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Repair	B3	MND	MND	MND	MND
Use stage	Replacement	B4	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Refurbishment	B5	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Operational energy use	B6	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Operational water use	B7	MND	MND	MND	MND
100% - Landfill						
	Deconstruction, demolition	C1	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
	Transport	C2	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.40E-07
End of life	Waste processing	C3	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
	Disposal	C4	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	3.41E-04
Potential benefits and loads beyond the system boundaries	Reuse, recovery, recycling potential	D	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00

SM = Use of secondary material; RSF = Use of renewable secondary fuels;

 $\label{eq:NRSF} \begin{array}{l} \mbox{NRSF} = \mbox{Use of non-renewable secondary fuels}; \\ \mbox{FW} = \mbox{Net use of fresh water} \end{array}$ 

### LCA Results (continued)

Other environmental information describing waste categories										
			HWD	NHWD	RWD					
			kg	kg	kg					
	Raw material supply	A1	3.79E-02	1.55E-01	4.66E-06					
	Transport	A2	3.12E-04	4.29E-03	1.79E-06					
Product stage	Manufacturing	A3	8.68E-03	7.10E-02	1.16E-06					
	Total (Consumption grid)	A1- 3	4.69E-02	2.31E-01	7.61E-06					
Construction	Transport	A4	1.91E-05	3.38E-04	1.17E-07					
process stage	Construction	A5	3.12E-03	7.82E-03	3.22E-07					
	Use	B1	MND	MND	MND					
	Maintenance	B2	MND	MND	MND					
	Repair	B3	MND	MND	MND					
Use stage	Replacement	B4	MND	MND	MND					
	Refurbishment	B5	MND	MND	MND					
	Operational energy use	B6	MND	MND	MND					
	Operational water use	B7	MND	MND	MND					
100% - Landfill										
	Deconstruction, demolition	C1	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00					
	Transport	C2	1.38E-06	2.46E-05	8.50E-09					
End of life	Waste processing	C3	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00					
	Disposal	C4	5.68E-02	2.77E-02	2.68E-06					
Potential benefits and loads beyond the system boundaries	Reuse, recovery, recycling potential	D	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00					

HWD = Hazardous waste disposed; NHWD = Non-hazardous waste disposed;

RWD = Radioactive waste disposed

### LCA Results (continued)

Other environ	mental informa	ation	describing o	utput flows –	at end of I	ife		
			CRU	MFR	MER	EE	Biogenic carbon (product)	Biogenic carbon (packaging)
			kg	kg	kg	MJ per energy carrier	kg C	kg C
	Raw material supply	A1	0.00E+00	3.20E-06	3.63E-08	9.57E-04	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
	Transport	A2	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Product stage	Manufacturing	A3	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	7.75E-04
	Total (Consumption grid)	A1- 3	0.00E+00	3.20E-06	3.63E-08	9.57E-04	0.00E+00	7.75E-04
Construction	Transport	A4	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
process stage	Construction	A5	0.00E+00	9.61E-08	1.09E-09	2.87E-05	0.00E+00	2.33E-05
	Use	B1	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Maintenance	B2	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Repair	B3	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
Use stage	Replacement	B4	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Refurbishment	B5	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Operational energy use	B6	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Operational water use	B7	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
100% - Landfill	1							
	Deconstruction, demolition	C1	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
	Transport	C2	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
End of life	Waste processing	C3	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
	Disposal	C4	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Potential benefits and loads beyond the system boundaries	Reuse, recovery, recycling potential	D	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00

CRU = Components for reuse; MFR = Materials for recycling MER = Materials for energy recovery; EE = Exported Energy

### LCA Results - OS2/4 Singlemode/Multimode Fibre Optic Cable Tight Buffered (16-24 core) – 0.07 kg/m

(MND = module not declared; MNR = module not relevant; INA = indicator not assessed; AGG = aggregated)

Parameters describing environmental impacts											
			GWP- total	GWP- fossil	GWP- biogenic	GWP- luluc	ODP	AP	EP- freshwat er		
			kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq	kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq	kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq	kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq	kg CFC11 eq	mol H⁺ eq	kg (PO₄) <sup>3-</sup> eq		
	Raw material supply	A1	1.17E-01	1.16E-01	1.06E-03	8.79E-05	1.32E-08	7.69E-04	4.38E-05		
	Transport	A2	2.98E-02	2.97E-02	1.23E-05	1.62E-05	6.44E-09	5.02E-04	1.49E-06		
Product stage	Manufacturing	A3	1.19E-02	1.44E-02	-2.49E-03	5.54E-06	2.03E-10	7.71E-05	3.30E-06		
	Total (Consumption grid)	A1-3	1.59E-01	1.60E-01	-1.42E-03	1.10E-04	1.99E-08	1.35E-03	4.86E-05		
Construction	A4	1.95E-02	1.95E-02	3.59E-06	1.22E-05	4.07E-09	4.61E-04	8.32E-07			
process stage	A5	2.60E-02	9.99E-03	1.60E-02	4.47E-06	1.20E-09	4.95E-05	2.96E-06			
	Use	B1	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND		
	Maintenance	B2	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND		
	Repair	B3	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND		
Use stage	Replacement	B4	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND		
	Refurbishment	B5	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND		
	Operational energy use	B6	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND		
	Operational water use	B7	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND		
100% - Landfill											
	Deconstruction, demolition	C1	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00		
End of life	Transport	C2	1.47E-04	1.47E-04	1.25E-07	5.78E-08	3.40E-11	5.97E-07	9.47E-09		
End of life	Waste processing	C3	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00		
	Disposal	C4	8.00E-03	7.99E-03	9.82E-06	1.50E-07	2.17E-10	5.33E-06	4.84E-08		
Potential benefits and loads beyond the system boundaries	Reuse, recovery, recycling potential	D	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00		

GWP-total = Global warming potential, total;

GWP-fossil = Global warming potential, fossil;

GWP-biogenic = Global warming potential, biogenic;

GWP-luluc = Global warming potential, land use and land use change;

ODP = Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer; AP = Acidification potential, accumulated exceedance; and EP-freshwater = Eutrophication potential, fraction of nutrients reaching freshwater end compartment

#### LCA Results (continued)

(MND = module not declared; MNR = module not relevant; INA = indicator not assessed; AGG = aggregated)

Parameters d	escribing env	ironm	ental im	pacts					
			EP- marine	EP- terrestrial	POCP	ADP- mineral &metal	ADP- fossil	WDP	PM
			kg N eq	mol N eq	kg NMVOC eq	kg Sb eq	MJ, net calorific value	m <sup>3</sup> world eq deprived	disease incidence
	Raw material supply	A1	1.46E-04	1.42E-03	4.61E-04	1.10E-06	2.24E+00	6.43E-02	8.45E-09
	Transport	A2	1.27E-04	1.41E-03	3.76E-04	7.52E-08	4.19E-01	1.51E-03	1.83E-09
Product stage	Manufacturing	A3	2.44E-05	1.81E-04	4.67E-05	2.11E-08	1.36E-01	-1.32E-02	1.08E-09
	Total (Consumption grid)	A1-3	2.97E-04	3.02E-03	8.83E-04	1.19E-06	2.79E+00	5.26E-02	1.14E-08
Construction	Transport	A4	1.15E-04	1.27E-03	3.34E-04	3.96E-08	2.64E-01	8.19E-04	9.44E-10
process stage	Construction	A5	1.14E-05	1.15E-04	3.28E-05	4.60E-08	1.08E-01	2.22E-03	4.20E-10
	Use	B1	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Maintenance	B2	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Repair	B3	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
Use stage	Replacement	B4	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Refurbishment	B5	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Operational energy use	B6	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Operational water use	B7	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
100% - Landfill									
	Deconstruction, demolition	C1	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
	Transport	C2	1.80E-07	1.96E-06	6.02E-07	5.11E-10	2.22E-03	1.00E-05	1.27E-11
End of life	Waste processing	C3	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
	Disposal	C4	1.49E-04	2.14E-05	7.81E-06	2.11E-09	1.58E-02	8.49E-04	1.13E-10
Potential benefits and loads beyond the system boundaries	Reuse, recovery, recycling potential	D	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00

EP-marine = Eutrophication potential, fraction of nutrients reaching marine end compartment; EP-terrestrial = Eutrophication potential, accumulated

exceedance;

POCP = Formation potential of tropospheric ozone;

ADP-mineral&metals = Abiotic depletion potential for non-fossil resources;

ADP-fossil = Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer; WDP = Water (user) deprivation potential, deprivation-weighted water consumption; and PM = Particulate matter.

#### LCA Results (continued)

(MND = module not declared; MNR = module not relevant; INA = indicator not assessed; AGG = aggregated)

Parameters describing environmental impacts											
			IRP	ETP-fw	HTP-c	HTP-nc	SQP				
			kBq U <sup>235</sup> eq	CTUe	CTUh	CTUh	dimensionless				
	Raw material supply	A1	1.20E-02	5.61E+00	2.21E-10	5.44E-09	3.09E-01				
	Transport	A2	2.04E-03	2.98E-01	1.43E-11	2.70E-10	1.93E-01				
Product stage	Manufacturing	A3	4.68E-04	5.27E-01	7.80E-12	1.90E-10	2.70E-01				
	Total (Consumption grid)	A1- 3	1.45E-02	6.43E+00	2.43E-10	5.90E-09	7.71E-01				
Construction	Transport	A4	1.25E-03	1.77E-01	1.04E-11	1.43E-10	8.64E-02				
process stage	Construction	A5	5.91E-04	2.91E-01	1.09E-11	2.36E-10	2.85E-02				
	Use	B1	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND				
Mainte	Maintenance	B2	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND				
	Repair	B3	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND				
Use stage	Replacement	B4	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND				
	Refurbishment	B5	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND				
	Operational energy use	B6	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND				
	Operational water use	B7	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND				
100% - Landfill	-										
	Deconstruction, demolition	C1	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00				
	Transport	C2	1.14E-05	1.74E-03	5.62E-14	1.82E-12	1.53E-03				
End of life	Waste processing	C3	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00				
	Disposal	C4	1.03E-04	3.36E-02	4.97E-13	1.25E-11	4.08E-02				
Potential benefits and loads beyond the system boundaries	Reuse, recovery, recycling potential	D	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00				

IRP = Potential human exposure efficiency relative to U235; ETP-fw = Potential comparative toxic unit for ecosystems; HTP-c = Potential comparative toxic unit for humans; HTP-nc = Potential comparative toxic unit for humans; and SQP = Potential soil quality index.

#### LCA Results (continued)

Parameters describing resource use, primary energy										
			PERE	PERM	PERT	PENRE	PENRM	PENRT		
			MJ	MJ	MJ	MJ	MJ	MJ		
	Raw material supply	A1	1.01E-01	0.00E+00	1.01E-01	1.82E+00	1.01E+00	2.82E+00		
	Transport	A2	4.63E-03	0.00E+00	4.63E-03	4.11E-01	0.00E+00	4.11E-01		
Product stage	Manufacturing	A3	6.34E-02	4.26E-02	1.06E-01	5.56E-01	2.18E-03	5.58E-01		
	Total (Consumption grid)	A1-3	1.69E-01	4.26E-02	2.12E-01	2.78E+00	1.01E+00	3.79E+00		
Construction	Transport	A4	2.46E-03	0.00E+00	2.46E-03	2.59E-01	0.00E+00	2.59E-01		
process stage	Construction	A5	-8.02E-03	1.54E-02	7.37E-03	7.15E-02	6.59E-02	1.37E-01		
	Use	B1	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND		
	Maintenance	B2	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND		
	Repair	B3	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND		
Use stage	Replacement	B4	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND		
	Refurbishment	B5	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND		
	Operational energy use	B6	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND		
	Operational water use	B7	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND		
100% - Landfill										
	Deconstruction, demolition	C1	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00		
	Transport	C2	3.13E-05	0.00E+00	3.13E-05	2.18E-03	0.00E+00	2.18E-03		
End of life	Waste processing	C3	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00		
	Disposal	C4	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00		
Potential benefits and loads beyond the system boundaries	Reuse, recovery, recycling potential	D	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00		

PERE = Use of renewable primary energy excluding renewable primary energy used as raw materials;

PERM = Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials;

PERT = Total use of renewable primary energy resources;

PENRE = Use of non-renewable primary energy excluding nonrenewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PENRM = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials;

PENRT = Total use of non-renewable primary energy resource

### LCA Results (continued)

Paramotors dos	cribing resour		socondary ma	terials and fuels, u	use of water	
			SM	RSF	NRSF	FW
			kg	MJ net calorific value	MJ net calorific value	m³
	Raw material supply	A1	1.68E-04	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.54E-03
	Transport	A2	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	3.75E-05
Product stage	Manufacturing	A3	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	-2.96E-04
	Total (Consumption grid)	A1- 3	1.68E-04	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.28E-03
Construction	Transport	A4	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	2.03E-05
process stage	Construction	A5	5.04E-06	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	5.39E-05
	Use	B1	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Maintenance	B2	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Repair	B3	MND	MND	MND	MND
Use stage	Replacement	B4	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Refurbishment	B5	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Operational energy use	B6	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Operational water use	B7	MND	MND	MND	MND
100% - Landfill						
	Deconstruction, demolition	C1	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
	Transport	C2	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	2.48E-07
End of life	Waste processing	C3	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
	Disposal	C4	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	2.03E-05
Potential benefits and loads beyond the system boundaries	Reuse, recovery, recycling potential	D	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00

SM = Use of secondary material; RSF = Use of renewable secondary fuels;

 $\label{eq:NRSF} \begin{array}{l} \mbox{NRSF} = \mbox{Use of non-renewable secondary fuels}; \\ \mbox{FW} = \mbox{Net use of fresh water} \end{array}$ 

### LCA Results (continued)

Other environmental information describing waste categories										
			HWD	NHWD	RWD					
			kg	kg	kg					
	Raw material supply	A1	6.88E-02	2.75E-01	8.22E-06					
	Transport	A2	5.02E-04	6.70E-03	2.86E-06					
Product stage	Manufacturing	A3	7.95E-03	5.41E-02	4.47E-07					
	Total (Consumption grid)	A1- 3	7.72E-02	3.35E-01	1.15E-05					
Construction	Transport	A4	3.31E-04	3.67E-03	1.82E-06					
process stage	Construction	A5	5.30E-03	1.15E-02	4.87E-07					
	Use	B1	MND	MND	MND					
	Maintenance	B2	MND	MND	MND					
	Repair	B3	MND	MND	MND					
Use stage	Replacement	B4	MND	MND	MND					
	Refurbishment	B5	MND	MND	MND					
	Operational energy use	B6	MND	MND	MND					
	Operational water use	B7	MND	MND	MND					
100% - Landfill										
	Deconstruction, demolition	C1	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00					
	Transport	C2	2.45E-06	4.35E-05	1.50E-08					
End of life	Waste processing	СЗ	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00					
	Disposal	C4	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00					
Potential benefits and loads beyond the system boundaries	Reuse, recovery, recycling potential	D	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00					

HWD = Hazardous waste disposed; NHWD = Non-hazardous waste disposed;

RWD = Radioactive waste disposed

#### LCA Results (continued)

Other environ	mental informa	ation	describing o	utput flows –	at end of I	ife		
			CRU	MFR	MER	EE	Biogenic carbon (product)	Biogenic carbon (packaging)
			kg	kg	kg	MJ per energy carrier	kg C	kg C
	Raw material supply	A1	0.00E+00	5.83E-06	6.61E-08	1.74E-03	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
	Transport	A2	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Product stage	Manufacturing	A3	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	2.88E-04
	Total (Consumption grid)	A1- 3	0.00E+00	5.83E-06	6.61E-08	1.74E-03	0.00E+00	2.88E-04
Construction	Transport	A4	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
process stage	Construction	A5	0.00E+00	1.75E-07	1.98E-09	5.23E-05	0.00E+00	8.64E-06
	Use	B1	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Maintenance	B2	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Repair	B3	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
Use stage	Replacement	B4	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Refurbishment	B5	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Operational energy use	B6	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Operational water use	B7	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
100% - Landfill								
	Deconstruction, demolition	C1	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
	Transport	C2	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
End of life	Waste processing	СЗ	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
	Disposal	C4	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Potential benefits and loads beyond the system boundaries	Reuse, recovery, recycling potential	D	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00

CRU = Components for reuse; MFR = Materials for recycling MER = Materials for energy recovery; EE = Exported Energy

### Scenarios and additional technical information

Scenarios and ad	ditional technical information			
Scenario	Parameter		Units	Results
	Mayflex receives the cable from PRC sector they will be distributed to the cu		ther processing in	the distribution
	Fuel type / Vehicle type		Road transport	16–32-ton lorry
A4 – Transport to the building site	Distance: Mayflex to customer site		Km	172
	Capacity utilisation (incl. empty returns	s)	%	49
	Bulk density of transported products		kg/m <sup>3</sup>	342
A5 – Installation in the building	Installation of data cables is carried dressing cables. No powered equipm waste is generated during the installat was assumed as 3% of the cables wa	ient or consumable	items are used i the	n this process, so no end of the box, and it
	Installation cable waste and packaging waste	Fibre Optic TB Cable 4 core (kg)	Fibre Optic TB 16-24 core (kg)	Results
	Optical Fibre cable waste (kg/m)	0.0012	0.0021	Landfill
	Pallets	0.003	0.001	Incinerated
	Drums	0.027	0.01	Incinerated
	Paperboard	0.002	0.001	Recycling
End of life	The fibre optic cables are removed m so will be sent to landfill.	anually, and it is as	ssumed that the p	roduct is not recycled
C2- Transportation	Recovered cables are taken back by t broker to landfill.	he registered	km	12.5
C4 – Disposal	Recovered Optical Fibre TB cables se	ent to landfill.		
Module D	As the products are not recycled, there study	e are no Module D	recycling benefits	considered in this

### Interpretation of results:

The bulk of the environmental impacts are attributed to the manufacturing of Fibre Optic Tight-Buffered Cables covered by information modules A1-A3 of EN15804:2012+A2:2019.

### References

BSI. Sustainability of construction works – Environmental product declarations – Core rules for the product category of construction products. BS EN 15804:2012+A2:2019. London, BSI, 2019.

BSI. Environmental labels and declarations – Type III Environmental declarations – Principles and procedures. BS EN ISO 14025:2010 (exactly identical to ISO 14025:2006). London, BSI, 2010.

BSI. Environmental management – Life cycle assessment – Principles and framework. BS EN ISO 14040:2006. London, BSI, 2006.

BSI. Environmental management – Life cycle assessment – requirements and guidelines. BS EN ISO 14044:2006. London, BSI, 2006.